According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product name	: Shell Omala S4 WE 320	
Product code	: 001D7858	
Manufacturer or supplier	's details	
Manufacturer/Supplier	<ul> <li>Shell Oil Products US</li> <li>PO Box 4427</li> <li>Houston TX 77210-4427</li> <li>USA</li> </ul>	
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :	
Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Spill Information	: 877-504-9351	
Health Information	: 877-242-7400	
	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Gear lubricant.	

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### **GHS Label element**

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Storage: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Disposal: No precautionary phrases.</li> </ul>

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyalkylene glycol and additives.

Hazardous components

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Immediate medical attention, special treatment	:	Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.

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Specific hazards during fire- fighting	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products n A complex mixture of airborne soli gases (smoke).</li> <li>Carbon monoxide may be evolved occurs.</li> <li>Unidentified organic and inorganic</li> </ul>	d and liquid particulates and I if incomplete combustion
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	: Use extinguishing measures that a cumstances and the surrounding e	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment inclue gloves are to be worn; chemical re- large contact with spilled product i Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter relevant Standards (e.g. Europe:	esistant suit is indicated if s expected. Self-Contained n when approaching a fire in er's clothing approved to

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated co Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mi When handling product in drums worn and proper handling equip Properly dispose of any contam rials in order to prevent fires.	sts. s, safety footwear should be ment should be used.
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to Proper grounding and bonding p during all bulk transfer operation	procedures should be used
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed ar place. Use properly labeled and closat	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers steel or high density polyethyler Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should peratures because of possible r	

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

## Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will

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	vary depending upon potential e controls based on a risk assessr Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control a	nent of local circumstances.
	Where material is heated, spraye greater potential for airborne cor	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe hand controls. Educate and train workers in the	hazards and control
	measures relevant to normal act product. Ensure appropriate selection, tes equipment used to control expos equipment, local exhaust ventila Drain down system prior to equip nance. Retain drain downs in sealed sto subsequent recycle.	sting and maintenance of sure, e.g. personal protective tion. oment break-in or mainte-
	Always observe good personal h washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routir protective equipment to remove taminated clothing and footwear Practice good housekeeping.	e material and before eating, nely wash work clothing and contaminants. Discard con-
Personal protective equipm	ent	
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordin conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industri tions should be taken to avoid br If engineering controls do not ma tions to a level which is adequate select respiratory protection equi cific conditions of use and meetin Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are priate combination of mask and the Select a filter suitable for the cor and vapours [Type A/Type P bo</li> </ul>	ial hygiene practices, precau- reathing of material. aintain airborne concentra- e to protect worker health, ipment suitable for the spe- ng relevant legislation. e equipment suppliers. e suitable, select an appro- filter. nbination of organic gases
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the pro- gloves approved to relevant star US: F739) made from the followi suitable chemical protection. PV gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and durati sistance of glove material, dexte glove suppliers. Contaminated g Personal hygiene is a key eleme Gloves must only be worn on cle	ndards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ing materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on ion of contact, chemical re- rity. Always seek advice from loves should be replaced. ent of effective hand care.

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	gloves, hands should be wash cation of a non-perfumed mois For continuous contact we reco through time of more than 240 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves may not be available and in thi time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are f a good predictor of glove resist dependent on the exact compo Glove thickness should be typi depending on the glove make a	turizer is recommended. ommend gloves with break- minutes with preference for > oves can be identified. For e recommend the same, but offering this level of protection s case a lower breakthrough g as appropriate maintenance followed. Glove thickness is no tance to a chemical as it is osition of the glove material. cally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that protective eyewear is recomme	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear cher	
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment mended national standards. Cl	
Environmental exposure of	controls	
General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to vant environmental protection of of the environment by following necessary, prevent undissolve charged to waste water. Waste municipal or industrial waste w discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission li must be observed for the disch vapour.</li> </ul>	legislation. Avoid contaminatio g advice given in Chapter 6. If d material from being dis- e water should be treated in a ater treatment plant before mits for volatile substances

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: colourless
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -39 °C / -38 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 270 °C / 518 °F

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	Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 1.069 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 1,069 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information of	on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 321 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
	52.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to	be a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct	sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products during normal storage.	are not expected to form

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

Product: Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

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Version 2.0 Revision Date: 11/26/2015 Print Date: 05/02/2016 Germ cell mutagenicity Product: : Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard. Carcinogenicity Product: Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic. IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. **OSHA** No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. **Reproductive toxicity** Product: Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be

a developmental toxicant.

### STOT - single exposure

### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- : icity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : icity)	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	
Product: Biodegradability :	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegrada- ble, but contains components that may persist in the environ- ment.

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Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components cumulate.	with the potential to bioac-
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most envi If it enters soil, it will adsorb to so mobile.	
	Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects no data available		
Product:		
Additional ecological infor- mation	: Product is a mixture of non-volati expected to be released to air in Not expected to have ozone dep cal ozone creation potential or glo	any significant quantities. letion potential, photochemi-
	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aq	uatic organisms.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Disposal methods</b> Waste from residues	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **National Regulations**

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Version 2.0 Revision Date: 11/26/2015 Print Date: 05/02/2016 US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180) Not regulated as a dangerous good International Regulation IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Pollution category : Not applicable : Not applicable Ship type : Not applicable Product name Special precautions : Not applicable Special precautions for user Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport. Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea. **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION OSHA Hazards** : No OSHA Hazards **EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act** 

### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Hazards
SARA 302	: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
SARA 313	: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### **Clean Water Act**

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

California Prop 65	This product does not contain any chemicals known to State
	of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other re- productive harm.

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The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
EINECS	: All components listed or polyme	er exempt.	
TSCA	: All components listed.		
DSL	: All components listed.		

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Due to the conversion of this product to GHS significant change to the nature of the information of the info	
A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates a	
	ard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-
	be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific
dictionanes	s) and/or websites.
	mariaan Conference of Covernmental Industrial
	American Conference of Governmental Industrial
Hygienists	
	opean Agreement concerning the International
	f Dangerous Goods by Road
	stralian Inventory of Chemical Substances
	merican Society for Testing and Materials
	ogical exposure limits
	enzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
	emical Abstracts Service
	uropean Chemical Industry Council
	ssification Packaging and Labelling
	eveland Open-Cup
	tsches Institut fur Normung
	erived Minimal Effect Level
	erived No Effect Level
	nada Domestic Substance List
	pean Commission
	fective Concentration fifty
	= European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
gy Of Chei	
	uropean Chemicals Agency
	The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
	Substances
	ective Loading fifty
ENCS = Ja	apanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
Inventory	
	ropean Waste Code
GHS = Glo	bally Harmonised System of Classification and
Labelling c	of Chemicals
	ernational Agency for Research on Cancer
	ernational Air Transport Association
	ibitory Concentration fifty
	bitory Level fifty

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	IMDG = International Maritime I INV = Chinese Chemicals Inver IP346 = Institute of Petroleum determination of polycyclic aron KECI = Korea Existing Chemica LC50 = Lethal Concentration fift LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cer LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effec LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conve Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed E served Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Expos PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumular PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Co REACH = Registration Evaluatio Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to In gerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure lim TRA = Targeted Risk Assessme TSCA = US Toxic Substances O TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very	ntory test method N° 346 for the natics DMSO-extractables als Inventory ty nt. tive Loading/Inhibitory loading ention for the Prevention of ffect Concentration / No Ob- sure - High Production Volume tive and Toxic f Chemicals and Chemical oncentration on And Authorisation Of nternational Carriage of Dan- nit ent Control Act
Revision Date	: 11/26/2015	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.