Revision Date 05-20-2015 Revision Number 3



### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identification used on label	
Product identifier	3116
	TECTYL® 506EH
Details of the supplier of the safety	Daubert Chemical Company
data sheet	4700 S. Central Avenue
	Chicago, IL 60638
	708-496-7350
Emergency telephone number	Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300
Relevant identified uses of the	Corrosion Preventive Compound
substance or mixture and uses	
advised against	

### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols



GHS	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2B
	Flammable Liquid Category 3
	Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3
Signal Word	Warning
Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Statements	Causes skin and eye irritation
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary	
Statements	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
	Use explosion-proof equipment.
	Use only non-sparking tools.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
•	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

### TECTYL® 506EH

Page 1 of 6

Revision Date 05-20-2015 **Revision Number 3** 

	Revision number 3
	Rinse skin with water/shower.
	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	Specific treatment: None known
	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth for extinction.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
•	local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients
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SECTION 5 Composition/motimation on ingredients			
Chemical Name	CAS #	%	
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	15 - 40	

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First aid measures			
Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and		
_	obtain medical advice.		
Eyes	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical		
Skin Contact	attention. Wash with soon and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists		
Ingestion	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration into lungs.		
Note to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.		
SECTION 5 Firef	ighting measures		
Extinguishing me	<b>dia</b> Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied to the fire. Do not direct a water stream directly into the hot burning liquid.		
Fire and/or Explo	<b>Sion Hazards</b> Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.		

Fire Fighting Methods and Protection Hazardous Combustion Products	Revision Date 05-20-2015 Revision Number 3 Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire. Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Sulfur compounds				
SECTION 6 Accidental release measure	25				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill.				
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up					
SECTION 7 Handling and storage					
Precautions for safe handling	Mildly irritating material. Avoid unnecessary exposure. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous.				
Conditions for safe storage, including an incompatibilities	Store in a cool dry place. Isolate from incompatible materials.Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.				
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents				
SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection					
<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>	ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEL OSHA PEL				
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	212 ppm (8 hrs)				
handling or us designed to m enclosures, lo	ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when sing this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be eet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use process cal exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne recommended exposure limits				

#### Revision Date 05-20-2015 Revision Number 3

<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.
Eve Protection	Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.
	Do not wear contact lenses.
Skin Protection	Not normally considered a skin hazard. Where use of product can result in skin contact, practice good personal hygiene and wear a barrier cream and/or impervious surgical style gloves. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.
Gloves	Chemically resistant gloves

### SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties (Typical, not specification)

	Timid
Physical State	Liquid
Color	Amber
Odor	Slight Solvent Odor
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting Point, °C	No data available
Boiling Point, °C	No data available
Flash Point	>= 100 °F( 38 °C)
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data available
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit,	No data available
% in air	
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit,	No data available
% in air	
Vapor Pressure	2 mmHg
Vapor Density	>1 (Air=1)
Specific Gravity @ 25°C	0.87
Solubility in Water	Negligible; 0-1%
<b>Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient</b>	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Volatiles, % by weight	39
VOC, lb/gal	2.83
VOC, grams/liter	339.5

**SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity** 

Chemical stabilityStable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization<br/>will not occur.Possibility of hazardous reactionsUnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous<br/>reactions will not occur.Conditions to avoidContamination. Elevated temperatures.Incompatible materialsStrong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decompositi SECTION 11 Toxicologi	-	Decomposition and haz unlikely.	F	n Date 05-20-2015 Revision Number 3 products are
Likely Routes of Entry Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity Medical Conditions Aggravated		Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact e Central Nervous System, Respiratory Tract, Skin, Eyes, Kidneys, Liver, Nervous System No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis		
Immediate (Acute) Hea Inhalation Irritation Skin Contact	Ith Effects by Route of Ex Can cause moderate resp headache.Other possible edema (fluid build-up in Can cause minor skin irri	iratory irritation, dizzine symptoms include; when lungs).	ezing and coughing due	nausea and e to pulmonary
Eye Contact Ingestion Irritation	Can cause moderate irrita eye tissue.	ation, tearing and redden	ing, but not likely to pe	• •
Ingestion Toxicity	Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Harmful if swallowed.			
Long-Term (Chronic) I Carcinogenicity Reproductive and Deve Inhalation Skin Contact	Not listed by ACGIH, IA lopmental Toxicity No o	data available to indicate ter than 0.1% may cause speated exposure, can ca gue, nausea, headache an	product or any compo birth defects. use severe respiratory i d possible unconscious	rritation,
Component Toxicolo Chemical Name Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	gy Data CAS Number 64742-47-8	LD50/LC50 Dermal LD50 Rabbit Inhalation LC50 (4h)	> 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 F Rat > 20 mg/L	Rat > 5000 mg/kg
SECTION 12 Ecologica	l information			
Overview Mobility Persistence Bioaccumulation Degradability	No ecological infor No data No data No data No data	mation available		
Ecotoxicity Data Chemical Name	CAS Number	Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	Aquatic ERC50 Algae	Aquatic LC50 Fish
No data available		Ci ustatta	Aigat	1,1211
TECTYL® 506EH			Page	5 of 6

SECTION 13	Disposal considerations			
Waste Description for Spent Product		Spent or discarded mate	2	
Disposal Met	hods	1 0	on following Federal,	State, Local, or Provincial
Waste Dispos	al Code(s)	regulations. D001		
Wuble Dispos		2001		
SECTION 14	Transport information			
unless flash p vessels of 119	Sea (any quantity t. >150°F) or GL or more		LATES, N.O.S., (Na	aphtha Solvent), 3, PG III,
119 gal.	ound in vessels < Not Re	gulated		
SECTION 15	<b>Regulatory information</b>			
TSCA StatusAll components in this product are on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.Canadian DSLAll chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the Canadian DSL.				
Chemical Nat No 313-listed	me chemicals in this product	CAS #	Regulation SARA 313	Percent
SECTION 16 Other information				
Revision	05-20-2015			
Date				
Disclaimer	Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, it is furnished without warranty of any kind. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of use, handling, and storage.			
Version	Revised	,		
Comments	Approved: J. Kump / M. D	Juncan		